

# **Buckfastleigh Primary School Writing Curriculum Statement**



#### INTENT

At Buckfastleigh Primary School, we believe that focussing on the development of the personal, emotional, health and wellbeing of all our children is vital. We aim to prepare children for life, helping them to know and value who they are and understand how to relate to other people in this everchanging world.

Through our PSHE curriculum pupils will:

- Learn how to become healthy, independent and responsible members of a society.
- Have an understanding of how they are developing personally and socially, and tackle many of the moral, social and cultural issues that are part of growing up.
- Learn about rights and responsibilities and appreciate what it means to be a member of a diverse society.
- Develop their sense of self-worth by playing a positive role in contributing to school life and the wider community.

#### **IMPLEMENTATION**

Personal, social and health Education at Buckfastleigh primary school is taught using a mindful approach through the Jigsaw scheme of work. This embraces emotional literacy, social skills and spiritual development. The jigsaw approach provides a detailed and comprehensive scheme of learning. It contains well-structured, progressive lesson plans and all teaching resources. Jigsaw covers all areas of PSHE for the primary phase





including statutory Relationships and Health Education. The mindfulness approach used across each lesson allows pupils of all abilities to access the learning. The curriculum is adapted using adaptive teaching strategies, to support children with SEND. For example, through the use of stem sentences and breaking down tasks into small, achievable steps.

Term	Puzzle (Unit)	Content	
Autumn 1:	Being me in my World	Includes understanding my own identity and how I fit well in the class,	
		school and global community. Jigsaw Charter established.	
Autumn 2:	Celebrating Difference	Includes anti-bullying (cyber and homophobic bullying included) and	
		understanding.	
Spring 1:	Dreams and Goals	Includes goal-setting, aspriations, who do I want to become and what	
		would I like to do for work and to contribute to soceity.	
Spring 2:	Healthy Me	Includes drugs and alcohol education, self-esteem and confidence as	
		well as healthy lifestyle choices, sleep, nutrion, rest and exercise.	

Summer 1:		Relationships	Relationships		Includes understanding friendship, family and other relationships, conflict resolution and communication skills, bereavement and loss.					
Summer 2:		Changing Me			Includes Relationships and Sex Education in the context of coping positively with change.					
	Pupils will learn to:									
	YF		Y1	Y2		Y3	Y4	Y5	Y6	
		At Buckfastleigh Primary School, PSHE aims to ensure all pupils know:								
Families and people who care for me	•									
Online relationships	•	tha tha for the the how wit	e importance of permission-sent people sometimes behave on the same principles apply to others online including when a rules and principles for keepem.  We to critically consider their on the people they have never mew information and data is sha	differently online, ir online relationship we are anonymous ing safe online, hov nline friendships ar t.	ncludir os as t s. v to re	ng by pretending to face-to-face relaced	to be someone the ationships, included the medium of the m	ney are not. ling the importar d contact, and ho	w to report	

## Being safe what sorts of boundaries are appropriate in friendships with peers and others (including in a digital context). keep secrets if they relate to being safe. and other, contact. know. where to get advice e.g. family, school and/or other sources. Mental wellbeing relation to different experiences and situations. their own and others' feelings. wellbeing and happiness.

- about the concept of privacy and the implications of it for both children and adults; including that it is not always right to that each person's body belongs to them, and the differences between appropriate and inappropriate or unsafe physical, how to respond safely and appropriately to adults they may encounter (in all contexts, including online) whom they do not how to recognise and report feelings of being unsafe or feeling bad about any adult. how to ask for advice or help for themselves or others, and to keep trying until they are heard, how to report concerns or abuse, and the vocabulary and confidence needed to do so. that mental wellbeing is a normal part of daily life, in the same way as physical health. • that there is a normal range of emotions (e.g. happiness, sadness, anger, fear, surprise, nervousness) and scale of emotions that all humans experience in how to recognise and talk about their emotions, including having a varied vocabulary of words to use when talking about how to judge whether what they are feeling and how they are behaving is appropriate and proportionate. the benefits of physical exercise, time outdoors, community participation, voluntary and service-based activity on mental simple self-care techniques, including the importance of rest, time spent with friends and family and the benefits of hobbies and interests.
- isolation and loneliness can affect children and that it is very important for children to discuss their feelings with an adult and seek support.
- that bullying (including cyberbullying) has a negative and often lasting impact on mental well-being.
- where and how to seek support (including recognising the triggers for seeking support), including whom in school they should speak to if they are worried about their own or someone else's mental well-being or ability to control their emotions (including issues arising online).
- it is common for people to experience mental ill health. For many people who do, the problems can be resolved if the right support is made available, especially if accessed early enough.

Internet safety	<ul> <li>that for most people the internet is an integral part of life and has many benefits.</li> </ul>
and harms	about the benefits of rationing time spent online, the risks of excessive time spent on electronic devices and the impact of
	positive and negative content online on their own and others' mental and physical wellbeing.
	<ul> <li>how to consider the effect of their online actions on others and knowhow to recognise and display respectful behaviour</li> </ul>
	online and the importance of keeping personal information private.
	<ul> <li>why social media, some computer games and online gaming, for example, are age restricted.</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>hat the internet can also be a negative place where online abuse, trolling, bullying and harassment can take place, which</li> </ul>
	can have a negative impact on mental health.
	<ul> <li>how to be a discerning consumer of information online including understanding that information, including that from</li> </ul>
	search engines, is ranked, selected and targeted.
	<ul> <li>where and how to report concerns and get support with issues online.</li> </ul>
Physical health	the characteristics and mental and physical benefits of an active lifestyle.
and fitness	• the importance of building regular exercise into daily and weekly routines and how to achieve this; for example, walking or
	cycling to school, a daily active mile or other forms of regular, vigorous exercise.
	<ul> <li>the risks associated with an inactive lifestyle (including obesity).</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>how and when to seek support including which adults to speak to in school if they are worried about their health.</li> </ul>
Healthy eating	• what constitutes a healthy diet (including understanding calories and other nutritional content). • the principles of planning
	and preparing a range of healthy meals.
	• the characteristics of a poor diet and risks associated with unhealthy eating (including, for example, obesity and tooth
	decay) and other behaviours (e.g. the impact of alcohol on diet or health).
Drugs, alcohol	<ul> <li>how to recognise early signs of physical illness, such as weight loss, or unexplained changes to the body.</li> </ul>
and tobacco	<ul> <li>about safe and unsafe exposure to the sun, and how to reduce the risk of sun damage, including skin cancer.</li> </ul>
	• the importance of sufficient good quality sleep for good health and that a lack of sleep can affect weight, mood and ability
	to learn.
	about dental health and the benefits of good oral hygiene and dental flossing, including regular check-ups at the dentist.
	about personal hygiene and germs including bacteria, viruses, how they are spread and treated, and the importance of
	handwashing.
	the facts and science relating to immunisation and vaccination.

Basic first aid	<ul> <li>how to make a clear and efficient call to emergency services if necessary.</li> <li>concepts of basic first-aid, for example dealing with common injuries, including head injuries.</li> </ul>
Changing adolescent body	<ul> <li>key facts about puberty and the changing adolescent body, particularly from age 9 through to age 11, including physical and emotional changes. about menstrual wellbeing including the key facts about the menstrual cycle.</li> </ul>

### **IMPACT**

Children will show achievement through independently applying the knowledge learned; this will be evidenced through:

- Children's thought journals
- End of unit assessments
- Communal display
- Lesson observations and discussions with pupils

