



Intimate Care Policy







Intimate Care Policy

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Status:	Guidance

Introduction

It is our intention to develop independence in each child, however there will be occasions when help is required. Our intimate care policy has been developed to safeguard children and staff. It is one of a range of specific policies that contribute to our pastoral care. The principles and procedures apply to everyone involved in the intimate care of children. Children are generally more vulnerable than adults and staff involved with any aspect of pastoral care need to be sensitive to their individual needs.

Definition

Intimate care can be defined as any care which involves washing, touching or carrying out a procedure to intimate personal areas which most people usually carry out themselves. Some pupils are unable to do because of their young age, physical difficulties or other needs. Intimate care may be defined as any activity that is required to meet the personal needs of an individual child on a regular basis or during a one-off incident. It is the responsibility of the parents to advise the school of any known intimate care needs relating to their child. Examples of intimate care can include:

- Feeding
- Oral care
- Washing
- Changing clothes
- Toileting
- First aid and medical assistance
- Supervision of a child involved in intimate self-care.

Aims and Principles

The following are the fundamental principles of intimate care upon which our policy guidelines are based:

• Every child has the right to be safe

- Every child has the right to personal privacy
- Every child has the right to be valued as an individual
- Every child has the right to be treated with dignity and respect
- All children have the right to be involved and consulted in their own intimate care to the best of their abilities
- All children have the right to express their views on their own intimate care and to have such views taken into account
- Every child has the right to have levels of intimate care that are appropriate and consistent.

School Responsibilities

The management of all children/young people with intimate care needs will be carefully planned and should be a positive experience for all involved. The child/young person who requires intimate care is treated with respect at all times and the child's welfare and dignity is of paramount importance. Staff who provide this care are trained to do so (including Safeguarding and Child Protection) and are fully aware of best practice. Suitable equipment and facilities will be provided to assist with children/young people who need special arrangements following assessment from a physiotherapist/ occupational therapist.

Staff will be supported to adapt their practice in relation to the needs of individual children/young people taking into account developmental changes such as puberty e.g. menstruation. Whenever possible, staff who are involved in the intimate care of children/young people will not usually be involved with the delivery of sex and relationships education to the children/young people in their care as an additional safeguard to both staff and children involved. If staff members are involved, care should be taken to ensure that resource materials cannot be misinterpreted and clearly relate to the learning outcomes identified by the lesson plan. This plan should highlight particular areas of risk and sensitivity.

Children/young people will be supported to achieve the highest level of autonomy that is possible given their age and abilities. Staff will ensure each child/young person does as much for him/herself as he/she can. This may mean, for example, giving the child responsibility for washing themselves. Individual intimate care plans will be drawn up as appropriate and shared and agreed by the child/young person and their parents/carers.

Each child/young person's right to privacy will be respected. Careful consideration will be given to each situation to determine how many carers need to be present when the child/young person is being cared for.

 In general, one child will be supported by two adults unless there is a sound reason for having a different number of adults present. In this case, the reasons should be clearly documented and reassessed regularly.

Intimate care arrangements will be discussed with parents/carers on a regular basis and recorded on the care plan. The needs and wishes of children/young people and parents will be taken into account wherever possible within the constraints of staffing and equal opportunities legislation.

Guidelines for Good Practice

Involve the child in the intimate care

Try to encourage a child's independence as far as possible in his or her intimate care. Where a situation renders a child fully dependent talk about what is going to be done and give choices. Check your practice by asking the child or parent about any preferences while carrying out the intimate care.

Treat every child with dignity and respect and ensure privacy appropriate to the child's age and situation.

Care should not be carried out by a member of staff working alone with a child.

Make sure practice in intimate care is consistent.

As a child may have multiple carers a consistent approach to care is essential. Effective communication between all parties ensures that practice is consistent.

Be aware of your own limitations

Only carry out activities you understand and feel competent with. If in doubt, ASK. Some procedures must only be carried out by members of staff who have been formally trained and assessed.

Promote positive self-esteem and body image.

Confident, self-assured children who feel their body belongs to them are less vulnerable to sexual abuse.

- The approach you take to intimate care can convey lots of messages to a child about their body worth.
- Your attitude to a child's intimate care is important. Keeping in mind the child's age, routine care can be both efficient and relaxed.

If you have any concerns you must report them.

If you observe any unusual markings, discolouration or swelling, report it immediately to the designated teacher for child protection.

- If a child is accidentally hurt during the intimate care or misunderstands or misinterprets something, reassure the child, ensure their safety and report the incident immediately to the designated teacher.
- Report and record any unusual emotional or behavioural response by the child. A written record of concerns must be made available to parents and kept in the child's personal file.

Working with children of the opposite sex

There is positive value in both male and female staff being involved with children. Ideally, every child should have the choice for intimate care but the current ratio of female to male staff means that assistance will more often be given by a woman. The intimate care of boys and girls can be carried out by a members of staff of the opposite sex with the following provisions:

- When intimate care is being carried out, all children have the right to dignity and privacy, i.e. they should be appropriately covered, the door closed or screens/curtains put in place;
- If the child appears distressed or uncomfortable when personal tasks are being carried out, the care should stop immediately. Try to ascertain why the child is distressed and provide reassurance;
- Report any concerns to the designated teacher for child protection and make a written record
- Parents must be informed about any concerns.

Communication with Children

It is the responsibility of all staff caring for a child to ensure that they are aware of the child's method and level of communication. Depending on their maturity and levels of stress children may communicate using different methods - words, signs, symbols, body movements, eye pointing, etc. To ensure effective communication:

- Make eye contact at the child's level
- Use simple language and repeat if necessary
- Wait for response
- Continue to explain to the child what is happening even if there is no response
- Treat the child as an individual with dignity and respect.

Physical Contact

All staff engaged in the care and education of children and young people need to exercise caution in the use of physical contact. The expectation is that staff will work in 'limited touch' cultures and that when physical contact is made with pupils this will be in response to the pupil's needs at the time, will be of limited duration and will be appropriate given their age, stage of development and background.

Staff should be aware that even well intentioned physical contact might be misconstrued directly by the child, an observer or by anyone the action is described to. Staff must therefore always be prepared to justify actions and accept that all physical contact be open to scrutiny. Physical contact which is repeated with an individual child or young person is likely to raise questions unless the justification for this is formally agreed by the child, the organisation and those with parental responsibility.

Children with special needs may require more physical contact to assist their everyday learning. The general culture of 'limited touch' will be adapted where appropriate to the individual requirements of each child. The arrangements must be understood and agreed by all concerned,

justified in terms of the child's needs, consistently applied and open to scrutiny. Wherever possible, consultation with colleagues should take place where any deviation from the arrangements is anticipated. Any deviation and the justification for it should be documented and reported.

Showers/Changing Clothes

Young people are entitled to respect and privacy when changing clothes or taking a shower. However, there must be the required level of supervision to safeguard young people with regard to health and safety considerations and to ensure that bullying or teasing does not occur. This means that adults should announce their intention of entering changing rooms, avoid remaining in changing rooms unless pupil needs require it, avoid any physical contact when children are in a state of undress and avoid any visually intrusive behaviour. Given the vulnerabilities of the situation, it is strongly recommended that when supervising children in a state of undress, another member of staff is present. However, this may not always be possible and therefore. Staff need to be vigilant about their own conduct, e.g. adults must not change in the same place as children or shower with children.

Out of School Trips/Clubs

Employees should take particular care when supervising pupils in the less formal atmosphere of a residential setting or after-school activity. Staff involved in such activities should also be familiar with their school's policy and guidance regarding out of school activities. To ensure pupils' safety, increased vigilance may be required when monitoring their behaviour on field trips, holidays etc. It is important to exercise caution so that a pupil is not compromised and the member of staff does not attract allegations of overly intrusive or abusive behaviour.

Photographs and Videos

Staff should be aware of the potential for such mediums of teaching to be used for the wrong purposes. Additionally, children who have been previously abused in this way may feel threatened by the legitimate use of photography, filming etc. The potential for founded and unfounded allegations of abuse requires that careful consideration be given to the organisation of these activities. Schools should have clear policies and protocols for the taking and use of images and of photographic equipment (see school handbook).

Child Protection

Child Protection Procedures and Multi-Agency Child Protection procedures will be adhered to. All children will be taught personal safety skills carefully matched to their level of ability, development and understanding. If a member of staff has any concerns about physical changes in a child's presentation, e.g. marks, bruises, soreness etc. s/he will immediately report concerns to the designated person for child protection.

If a child becomes distressed or unhappy about being cared for by a particular member of staff, the matter will be looked into and outcomes recorded. Parents/carers will be contacted at the earliest opportunity as part of this process in order to reach a resolution. Staffing schedules will

be altered until the issue(s) are resolved so that the child's needs remain paramount. Further advice will be taken from outside agencies if necessary.

If a child makes an allegation against a member of staff, all necessary procedures will be followed (see Child Protection Procedures for details). All staff will be required to confirm that they have read this policy.

Children without an intimate care plan

Although this policy is written primarily about children with Special Educational Needs, medical or developmental needs, there will be occasions when other children require intimate care and the school staff have agreed the following policy, adopting best practice as detailed above:

- If a child wets themselves they will be taken to a suitable area away from other children and given clean clothes to put on. Help will be given as appropriate to their age. Adults will not clean children, but may give wipes or tissues for the child to do this. Wet clothes will be put in a carrier bag, the class teacher will be privately informed and the parent notified away from other parents at the end of the day.
- If a child is to soil themselves, in the first instance the parent will be contacted and asked to come to school to clean their child. If a parent cannot be contacted or is unable to attend promptly and an adult in school is willing to help, the child will be cleaned and changed. Again, the emphasis will be on encouraging the child to wipe themselves, with assistance as needed. A parent would be expected to make arrangements to come to school to collect the child as soon as possible as the soiling may indicate a health issue.

Overview

- 1. All staff working with children are DBS vetted. This includes students on work placement and volunteers. Vetting includes criminal record checks and two references.
- 2. Only those members of staff who are familiar with the intimate care policy and other pastoral care policies of the school are involved in the intimate care of children.
- 3. Where anticipated, intimate care arrangements are agreed between the school and parents and, if appropriate, by the child. Consent forms are signed by the parent and stored in the child's file. Only in emergency would staff undertake any aspect of intimate care that has not been agreed by parents and school. Parents would then be contacted immediately.
- 4. Intimate care arrangements should be reviewed at least six monthly. The views of all relevant parties should be sought and considered to inform future arrangements.
- 5. If a staff member has concerns about a colleague's intimate care practice he or she must report this to the designated teacher for child protection.

RECORD OF AGENCIES INVOLVED for Child requiring Intimate Care

Name/Role	Address/phone/email
Parent/Carer	
School Nurse/Health visitor	
Continence Advisor	
Physiotherapist	
Occupational Therapist	
Hospital Consultant	
Hospital School Service	
Physical/Sensory Service	
GP	
ЕР	
Social Worker	

RECORD OF INTIMATE CARE INTERVENTION

Child's Name DOB						
Name of	Name of Support Staff Involved					
Date	Time	Procedure	Staff Signature	Second signature		

TOILET MANAGEMENT PLAN

Area of need Equipment required: Location of suitable toilet facilities: Support required Frequency of support	Child's Name	OOB
Area of need Equipment required: Location of suitable toilet facilities:		
Area of need Equipment required: Location of suitable toilet facilities:		
Equipment required: Location of suitable toilet facilities:	Name of Support Staff Involved	
Equipment required: Location of suitable toilet facilities:		
Equipment required: Location of suitable toilet facilities:	Area of need	
Location of suitable toilet facilities:		
Location of suitable toilet facilities:		
Location of suitable toilet facilities:		
Location of suitable toilet facilities:		
Location of suitable toilet facilities:		
Location of suitable toilet facilities:		
	Equipment required:	
Support required Frequency of support	Location of suitable toilet facilities:	
	Support required	Frequency of support

Working towards Independence

Child will try to	Teaching Assistant will	Target Achieved
Review Date:		
Parents/Carer		
Child (if appropriate)		
Teaching Assistant		
CENC		
SENCo		
Date		

AGREEMENT BETWEEN CHILD AND STAFF MEMBER

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Child's Name	DOB
Staff Member's Name	

Staff Member

As the Personal Assistant helping you in the toilet you can expect me to do the following:

When I am the identified person I will stop what I am doing to help you in the toilet, as soon as you ask me. I will avoid all unnecessary delays.

When you use our agreed emergency signal, I will stop what I am doing and come and help.

I will treat you with respect and ensure privacy and dignity at all times.

I will ask permission before touching you or your clothing

I will check that you are as comfortable as possible, both physically and emotionally

If I am working with a colleague to help you, I will ensure that we talk in a way that does not embarrass you.

I will look and listen carefully if there is something you would like to change about your Toilet Management Plan.

Child

As the child who requires help in the toilet you can expect me to do the following:

I will try, whenever possible to let you know a few minutes in advance, that I am going to need the toilet so that you can make yourself available and be prepared to help me.

I will try to use the toilet at break time or at the agreed times.

I will only use the agreed emergency signal for real emergencies.

I will tell you if I want you to stay in the room or stay with me in the toilet.

I will tell you straight away if you are doing anything that makes me feel uncomfortable or embarrassed.	
I may talk to other trusted people about how you help me. They too will let you know what I would like to change.	
We will review this agreement on	
Child (if appropriate)	
Personal Assistant	
Date	

PERMISSION FOR SCHOOLS TO PROVIDE INTIMATE CARE

To be used where regular and formal intimate care is required.

Child's Last name	
Child's First name	
Male/Female	
Date of birth	
Parent/carers name	
Address	
I understand that;	
	to provide appropriate intimate care support to my child e.g. ing and toileting.
I will advise the Head teacher of intimate care or any medical a	of any medical complaint my child may have which affects issues of dvice received.
Name	
Signature	
Relationship to child	
Date	